

## PLACE VALUE

### Pearson Edexcel - Tuesday 19 May 2020 - Paper 1 (Non-Calculator) Higher Tier

1.

9	0.000 672, $67.2 \times 10^{-4}$ $6.72 \times 10^5$ $672 \times 10^4$	B2  (B1)	cao  for correct conversions to same format, condoning one error  or for 3 numbers in the correct order (ignoring one)  or for all 4 numbers listed in reverse order)	Accept correct numbers in any form
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### Pearson Edexcel - Thursday 2 November 2017 - Paper 1 (Non-Calculator) Higher Tier

2.

8		0.246, 0. $\dot{2}4\dot{6}$ 0. $\dot{2}4\dot{6}$ , 0.24 $\dot{6}$	M1  A1	for correct use of recurring symbol eg $0.2\dot{4}\dot{6} = 0.24646\dots$ or 3 terms in the correct relative position  cao
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### Pearson Edexcel - Monday 9 June 2014 - Paper 1 (Non-Calculator) Higher Tier

3.

17	(a)		1	1	B1 cao
	(b)		$\frac{1}{100}$	1	B1 for $\frac{1}{100}$ or 0.01
	(c)		0.00273 $27.3 \times 10^{-3}$ $2.73 \times 10^3$ $273 \times 10^2$	2	M1 for converting all numbers to same form with at least one conversion correct A1 for fully correct order with correct numbers in any correct form (SC B1 if one number incorrectly placed or all 4 numbers listed in reverse order)

### Pearson Edexcel - Tuesday 11 June 2013 - Paper 1 (Non-Calculator) Higher Tier

4.

19		-5, 0.2, 0.5, 1	-5, $5^{-1}$ , 0.5, $5^0$	2	M1 for either $5^{-1}$ or $5^0$ evaluated correctly A1 for a fully correct list from correct working, accept original numbers or evaluated (SC B1 for one error in position or correct list in reverse order)
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### Pearson Edexcel - Tuesday 6 November 2012 - Paper 1 (Non-Calculator) Higher Tier

5.

20		$0.38 \times 10^{-1}$ , $3800 \times 10^{-4}$ , $0.038 \times 10^2$ , 380	Correct order	2	M1 changing any one correctly or at least 3 in the correct order (ignoring one) or reverse order A1 for correct order (accept any form)
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### OCR GCSE – Thursday 8 November 2018 – Paper 5 (Non-Calculator) Higher Tier

6.

2		9 with correct rounded values shown nfwv	3	<b>M1</b> for two of 600, 0.3 and 20 <b>M1</b> for a first correct calculation with one pair of <i>their</i> rounded values or <b>M1</b> FT for second correct calculation	Condone e.g. 0.300  M1 can be implied by 180, 30, 0.015, 9.09, 9.15
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**OCR GSCE – Monday 12 November 2018 – Paper 6 (Calculator) Higher Tier**

7.

4		$(4.7) \leq (x) < (4.8)$	2	<b>B1</b> for each symbol	
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**OCR GSCE – Tuesday 12 June 2018 – Paper 6 (Calculator) Higher Tier**

8.

3		$\frac{300 \times (7-3)}{60} = 20$  AND  it is close to 19.5 oe or 19.5 rounds to 20 oe or [Asha's estimate] is reasonable	3	<b>B2</b> for 300, 7, 3 and 60 seen or  <b>B1</b> for two of 300, 7, 3 and 60 seen or 300, 4 and 60 seen or 300.0, 7.0, 3.0. 60.0  AND  <b>B1dep</b> for result 20 and correct conclusion following <b>B1</b> or <b>B2</b>	Actual answer 19.475959...(may be rounded) scores <b>0</b>  Accept "Yes" or "She's right" or "It is" or equivalent comment
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**OCR GSCE – Sample Papers – Paper 5 (Non - Calculator) Higher Tier**

9.

15	(a)	$\sqrt{35}$ , $2.5^2$ , $\frac{20}{3}$ , 6.83	2 2 AO1.3b	<b>B1</b> if one is in the wrong place, but others are in the correct order or reverse order	
	(b)	$4 + 2\sqrt{3}$	3 3 AO1.3a	<b>M1</b> for expanding $(1 + \sqrt{3})^2 = 1 + \sqrt{3} + \sqrt{3} + \sqrt{3} \times \sqrt{3}$  <b>B1</b> for $\sqrt{3} \times \sqrt{3} = 3$ soi	

**AQA GSCE – Tuesday 19 May 2020 – Paper 1 (Non - Calculator) Higher Tier**

10.

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments
21	Smallest $3\sqrt{23}$	B2	B1 three values in correct order if the other value were removed eg Smallest $3\sqrt{23}$ $2.1^4$ 15.6 Largest $\frac{47}{3}$
	15.6		
	$\frac{47}{3}$		
	Largest $2.1^4$		
<b>Additional Guidance</b>			
Mark the answer only			
Accept equivalent values used on answer lines			

AQA GCSE – Thursday 4 June 2020 – Paper 2 (Calculator) Higher Tier

11.

4	$a^2$	B1	
	<b>Additional Guidance</b>		

AQA GCSE – Thursday 4 June 2020 – Paper 2 (Calculator) Higher Tier

12.

26	24.5 or 25.5 or 7.45 or 7.55	B1	accept 25.49 for 25.5 accept 7.549 for 7.55
	30 × their 25.5 or 765 or 20 × their 7.55 or 151	M1	their 25.5 must be (25, 26] their 7.55 must be (7.5, 7.6]
	30 × their 25.5 + 20 × their 7.55 or 765 + 151 or 916	M1dep	oe eg 920 – 30 × their 25.5 – 20 × their 7.55 their 25.5 must be (25, 26] their 7.55 must be (7.5, 7.6]
	25.5 and 7.55 and 916 and Yes	A1	oe eg 25.5 and 7.55 and –4 and Yes
	<b>Additional Guidance</b>		
	Only using lower bounds can score a maximum of B1M0M0A0		
	Condone 25.50 for 25.5 etc		
	916 and Yes without both 25.5 and 7.55 is A0 but the B mark and M marks are possible eg $30 \times 25.5 + 20 \times 7.54 (= 915.8) = 916$ Yes		B1M1M1A0
	916 and Yes with no working		Zero
	Yes can be implied eg1 $30 \times 25.5 + 20 \times 7.55 = 916$ which is less than 920 eg2 $30 \times 25.5 + 20 \times 7.55 = 916$ so she can		B1M1M1A1 B1M1M1A1

AQA GCSE – Tuesday 11 June 2019 – Paper 3 (Calculator) Higher Tier

13.

6	8.5(0) or 9.49 or 9.5(0) or 6.25 or 6.74 or 6.75	B1	
	9.49 + 6.74 or (9, 9.5] + (6.5, 6.75]	M1	
	16.23	A1	accept (£)16.23p SC2 16.25 or 16.24
	<b>Additional Guidance</b>		
	9.5(0) and 6.55 with answer 16.05		B1M1A0
	9.4(0) and 6.25 with answer 15.65		B1M0A0
	9.4(0) and 6.55 with answer 15.95		B0M1A0

**AQA GSCE – Monday 12 November 2018 – Paper 3 (Calculator) Higher Tier**

14.

19	30.25 or 29.75 or 5.85 or 5.75	B1	
	their 30.25 – their 5.75	M1	Must be their max roll – their min cut their max must be (30, 30.5] their min must be [5.5, 5.8)
	24.5	A1	
	<b>Additional Guidance</b>		
	30.5 – 5.75 = 24.75		B1M1A0

**AQA GSCE – Monday 24 May 2018 – Paper 1 (Non - Calculator) Higher Tier**

15.

4	500	B1	
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AQA GCSE – Monday 24 May 2018 – Paper 1 (Non - Calculator) Higher Tier

16.

<b>12</b>	One correct conversion to a comparable form $0.08 \times 10^{-2}$ or 0.0008 $400 \times 10^{-4}$ or 0.04 $0.06 \times 10^{-2}$ or 0.0006 $7 \times 10^{-2}$ or $700 \times 10^{-4}$	M1	
	$6 \times 10^{-4}$ $8 \times 10^{-4}$ $4 \times 10^{-2}$ 0.07 with no clearly incorrect working	A1	oe accept in converted form
	<b>Additional Guidance</b>		
	Correct answer from clearly incorrect working		A0
	Accept numbers with two decimal points if it is clear that the point has been moved to the correct place eg 0.0008.0 with curved lines between each place value between the decimal points		
If the numbers are converted into fractions, at least two must be given correctly with common denominators to score the first mark eg $\frac{4}{100}$ and $\frac{7}{100}$ eg $\frac{6}{1000}$ and $\frac{8}{1000}$ only eg $\frac{6}{10\,000}$ and $\frac{7}{100}$ only		M1  M0  M0	

AQA GCSE – Tuesday 12 June 2018 – Paper 3 (Calculator) Higher Tier

17.

<b>3</b>	$3.2\dot{7}$	B1	
	<b>Additional Guidance</b>		

AQA GCSE – Thursday 2 November 2017 – Paper 1 (Non - Calculator) Higher Tier

18.

<b>8</b>	<b>Alternative method 1</b>		
	Three whole numbers that each are less than 80 and have units digit 4 or States that each number must have units digit 4	M1	
	82	A1	
	<b>Alternative method 2</b>		
	Correctly evaluated trial for three whole numbers, none of which are a multiple of 10, and that, when rounded, total 70	M1	eg $33 + 33 + 13 = 79$
	82	A1	
	<b>Additional Guidance</b>		
	$39 + 33 + 13 = 85$ $(40 + 30 + 10 = 80)$		M0
	Beware 82 from incorrect values, eg $39 + 24 + 19 = 82$		M0A0
	Ignore incorrectly evaluated trials that do not solely lead to the answer		

AQA GCSE – Sample Paper 3 (Calculator) Higher Tier

19.

<b>3</b>	0.667	B1	
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